

Overview

- 2-wire rail transmitter with and without HART communications interface
- Enclosure for rail mounting
- Universal input for virtually any type of temperature sensor
- Can be configured via PC, HART 7 or optional local operation

Benefits

- Compact design
- Galvanic isolation
- Test terminals for ammeter
- Diagnostics LED (green/red)
- Input monitoring
Wire break and short-circuit
- Self-monitoring
- Configuration status stored in EEPROM
- Expanded diagnostic functions, such as slave pointer, operating hours counter, etc.
- Special characteristic
- Electromagnetic compatibility according to DIN EN 61326 and NE21
- SIL2/3 (with order note C20)

Application

SITRANS TR320 transmitters can be used in all sectors. Their compact design enables simple mounting on standard DIN rails on-site in protective boxes or in control cabinets. The following sensors/signal sources can be connected over their universal input module:

- Resistance thermometer (2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire connection)
- Thermocouples
- Linear resistance, potentiometer and DC voltage sources

With HART communication interface:

- The output signal is a load-independent direct current from 4 to 20 mA in accordance with the input characteristic, superimposed by the digital HART signal.

Transmitters of the "intrinsically safe or Zone 2 increased safety" type of protection can be installed in hazardous areas. The device meets the requirements of the EU Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX), the FM and CSA regulations as well as other national approvals.

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR320 (HART, universal)

Function

Without HART communications interface

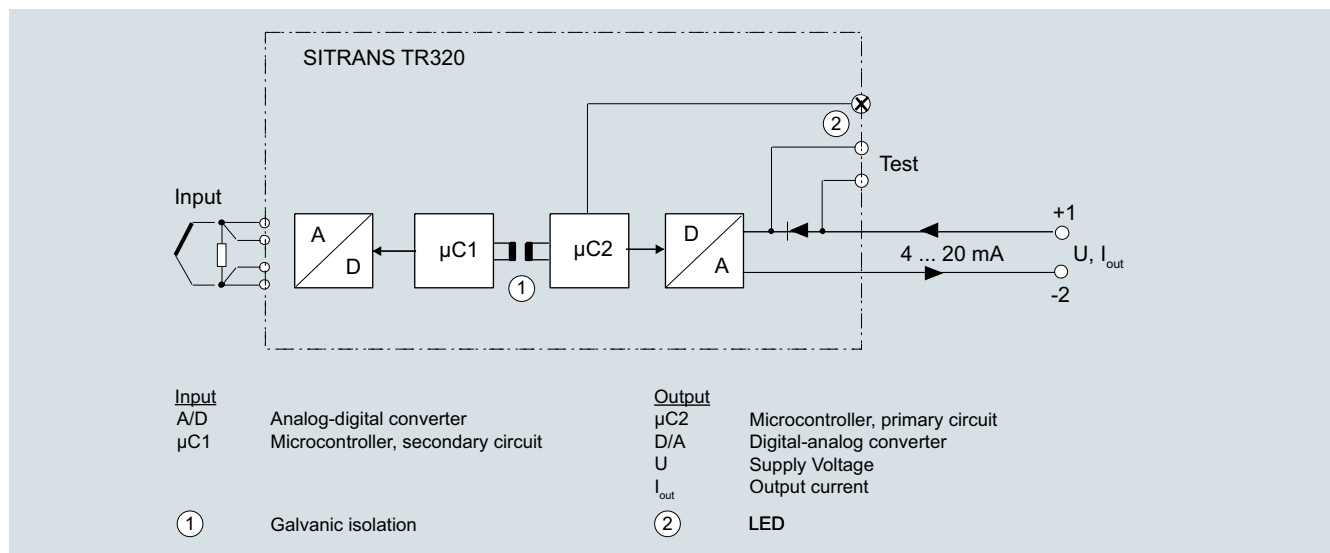
For the SITRANS TR320 without HART functionality, parameters are assigned with the PC. Available for this purpose are a special modem and the software tool SIPROM T.

With HART communications interface:

- The SITRANS TR320 is configured via HART. The configuration can be carried out using a handheld communicator or, more conveniently, with a HART modem and the SIMATIC PDM configuration software. The configuration data are then permanently stored in the non-volatile memory (EEPROM).

After correct connection of input and supply voltage, the transmitter outputs a temperature-linear output signal and the diagnostics LED is green. In case of external errors, e.g. sensor short circuit or interruption, the LED flashes red; an internal error is indicated by a permanent red light.

An ammeter can be connected at any time for checking and plausibility via the test terminals. The output current can be read without any interruption, or even without opening the current loop.



SITRANS TR320 function block diagram

Technical specifications

General

| | |
|---|--|
| Supply voltage ^{1) 2)} | |
| • Without explosion protection (non-Ex) | 7.5 ... 48 V DC |
| • with explosion protection (Ex i) | 7.5 ... 30 V DC |
| Additional minimum supply voltage when using test terminals | 0.8 V |
| Maximum power loss | ≤ 850 mW |
| Minimum load resistance at supply voltage > 37 V | $(V_{\text{supply}} - 37 \text{ V})/23 \text{ mA}$ |
| Insulation voltage, test/operation | |
| • Without explosion protection (non-Ex) | 2.5 kV AC/55 V AC |
| • with explosion protection (Ex i) | 2.5 kV AC/42 V AC |
| Polarity protection | All inputs and outputs |
| Write protection | Open circuits or software |
| Warming-up time | < 5 min |
| Starting time | < 2.75 s |
| Programming | HART |
| Signal-to-noise ratio | > 60 dB |
| Long-term stability | Better than: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ± 0.05% of measuring span/year ± 0.18% of measuring span/5 years |
| Response time | 4 ... 20 mA: ≤ 55 ms HART: ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) |
| Programmable damping | 0 ... 60 s |
| Signal dynamic | |
| • Input | 24 bit |
| • Output | 18 bit |
| Influence of change in supply voltage | < 0.005% of measuring span/V DC |

Input

Resistance thermometer (RTD)

| | |
|--|--|
| Input type | |
| • Pt10 ... 10000 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IEC 60751 JIS C 1604-8 GOST 6651_2009 Callendar-Van Dusen |
| • Ni10 ... 10000 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DIN 43760-1987 GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 |
| • Cu5 ... 1000 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Edison Copper Winding No. 15 GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 |
| Type of connection | 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire |
| Line resistance per wire | Max. 50 Ω |
| Input current | < 0.15 mA |
| Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections) | < 0.002 Ω/Ω |
| Cable, wire-wire capacity | |
| • Pt1000, Pt10000 (IEC 60751 and JIS C 1604-8) | Max. 30 nF |
| • All other input types | Max. 50 nF |
| Fault detection, programmable | None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective |
| | Note |
| | When the low limit for the configured input type is below the constant detection limit for short-circuited inputs, the detection of short circuits is disabled regardless of the configuration of the fault detection. |
| Detection limit for short-circuited input | 15 Ω |
| Fault detection time (RTD) | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) |
| Fault detection time (for 3-wire and 4-wire) | ≤ 2 000 ms |

Thermocouples (TC)

| | |
|--|--|
| Input type | |
| • B | IEC 60584-1 |
| • E | IEC 60584-1 |
| • J | IEC 60584-1 |
| • K | IEC 60584-1 |
| • L | DIN 43710 |
| • Lr | GOST 3044-84 |
| • N | IEC 60584-1 |
| • R | IEC 60584-1 |
| • S | IEC 60584-1 |
| • T | IEC 60584-1 |
| • U | DIN 43710 |
| • W3 | ASTM E988-96 |
| • W5 | ASTM E988-96 |
| • LR | GOST 3044-84 |
| Cold junction compensation (CJC) | Constant, internal or external over Pt100 or Ni100 RTD |
| • Temperature range internal CJC | -50 ... +100 °C (-58 ... +212 °F) |
| • Connection external CJC | 2-wire or 3-wire |
| • External CJC, line resistance per wire (for 3-wire and 4-wire connections) | 50 Ω |
| • Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections) | < 0.002 Ω/Ω |
| • Input current external CJC | < 0.15 mA |
| • Temperature range external CJC | -50 ... +135 °C (-58 ... +275 °F) |
| • Cable, wire-wire capacity | Max. 50 nF |
| • Total line resistance | Max. 10 kΩ |
| • Fault detection, programmable | None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective |
| | Note |
| | The short-circuited fault detection only applies to the CJC input. |
| • Fault detection time (TC) | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) |
| • Fault detection time, external CJC (for 3-wire and 4-wire) | ≤ 2 000 ms |

Linear resistance

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Input range | 0 ... 100 kΩ |
| Minimum measuring span | 25 Ω |
| Type of connection | 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire |
| Line resistance per wire | Max. 50 Ω |
| Input current | < 0.15 mA |
| Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections) | < 0.002 Ω/Ω |
| Cable, wire-wire capacity | |
| • R > 400 Ω | Max. 30 nF |
| • R ≤ 400 Ω | Max. 50 nF |
| Fault detection, programmable | None, defective |
| | Potentiometers |
| Input range | 10 ... 100 kΩ |
| Minimum measuring span | 25 Ω |
| Type of connection | 3-wire or 4-wire |
| Line resistance per wire | Max. 50 Ω |
| Input current | < 0.15 mA |
| Effect of the line resistance (with 4-wire and 5-wire connections) | < 0.002 Ω/Ω |
| Cable, wire-wire capacity | |
| • R > 400 Ω | Max. 30 nF |
| • R ≤ 400 Ω | Max. 50 nF |

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR320 (HART, universal)

| | |
|---|---|
| Fault detection, programmable | None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective |
| | Note When the configured potentiometer size is below the constant detection limit for short-circuited inputs, the detection of short circuits is disabled regardless of the configuration of the fault detection. |
| Detection limit for short-circuited input | 15 Ω |
| Fault detection time, wiper arm (no short-circuit detection) | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) |
| Fault detection time, element | ≤ 2 000 ms |
| Fault detection time (for 4-wire and 5-wire) | ≤ 2 000 ms |
| Voltage input | |
| Measuring range | |
| • Unipolar | -100 ... 1700 mV |
| • Bipolar | -800 ... +800 mV |
| Minimum measuring span | 2.5 mV |
| Input resistance | 10 MΩ |
| Cable, wire-wire capacity | |
| • Input range: -100 ... 1700 mV | Max. 30 nF |
| • Input range: -20 ... 100 mV | Max. 50 nF |
| Fault detection, programmable | None, defective |
| Fault detection time | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) |
| Output and HART communication | |
| Normal range, programmable | 3.8 ... 20.5 mA/20.5 ... 3.8 mA |
| Extended range (output limits), programmable | 3.5 ... 23 mA/23 ... 3.5 mA |
| Programmable input/output limits | |
| • Fault current | Enable/disable |
| • Fault current setting | 3.5 ... 23 mA |
| Update time | 10 ms |
| Load (with current output) | ≤ (V _{Supply} - 7.5)/0.023 Ω |
| Load stability | < 0.01% of meas. span/100 Ω (measuring span = currently selected range) |
| Input fault detection, programmable (detection of input short circuits is ignored with TC and voltage inputs) | 3.5 ... 23 mA |
| NAMUR NE43 Upscale | > 21 mA |
| NAMUR NE43 Downscale | < 3.6 mA |
| HART protocol versions | HART 7 |
| Measuring accuracy | |
| Input accuracy | See "Input accuracy" table |
| Output accuracy | See "Output accuracy" table |
| Rated conditions | |
| Ambient temperature | -50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F) |
| Ambient temperature for devices with functional safety | -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F) |
| Storage temperature | -50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F) |
| Reference temperature for sensor calibration | 24 °C ±1.0 °C (75.2 °F ±1.8 °F) |
| Relative humidity | < 99% (no condensation) |
| Degree of protection | |
| • Transmitter enclosure | IP20 |
| • Terminals | IP20 |

| | |
|--|---|
| Design | |
| Weight | 122 g (0.27 lb) |
| Maximum core cross-section | 2.5 mm ² (AWG 13) |
| Tightening torque for clamping screws | 0.5 ... 0.6 Nm |
| Vibrations | IEC 60068-2-6 |
| • 2 ... 25 Hz | ± 1.6 mm (0.07 inch) |
| • 25 ... 100 Hz | ± 4 g |
| Certificates and approvals | |
| <u>Explosion protection ATEX/IECEX and others</u> | |
| Certificates ³⁾ | DEKRA 17ATEX0116 X IECEX DEK 17.0054X A5E43700604A-2018X |
| "Intrinsic safety ia/ib" type of protection | For use in Zone 0, 1, 2, 20, 21, 22 |
| • ATEX | II 1 G Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga II 2(1) G Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb II 1 D Ex ia IIIC Da I M1 Ex ia I Ma |
| • IECEx and others | Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb Ex ia IIIC Da Ex ia I Ma |
| "Intrinsic safety ic" type of protection | For use in Zones 2 and 22 |
| • ATEX | II 2 G Ex ic IIC T6 ... T4 Gc II 2 D Ex ic IIIC Dc |
| • IECEx and others | Ex ic IIC T6 ... T4 Gc Ex ic IIIC Dc |
| "Non-sparking/increased safety nA/ec" type of protection | For use in Zones 2 and 22 |
| • ATEX | II 2 G Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc II 2 G Ex ec IIC T6 ... T4 Gc Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc |
| • IECEx and others | Ex ec IIC T6 ... T4 Gc |
| <u>Explosion protection CSA/FM for Canada and USA</u> | |
| Certificates | CSA 1861385 FM18CA0024 FM18US0046 |
| "Intrinsic safety ia" type of protection | IS, CL I, Div 1, GP ABCD, T6 ... T4 Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga AEx ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga or: Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb AEx ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb |
| "Non incensive field wiring NIFW" type of protection | NIFW, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6 ... T4 |
| "Non incensive NI" type of protection | NI, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6 ... T4 Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc AEx nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc |

1) Note that the minimum supply voltage must correspond to the value measured at the terminals of the SITRANS TR320.

2) Protect the device from overvoltage with the help of a suitable power supply or suitable overvoltage protection equipment.

3) Additional available certificates are listed on the Internet at <http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/certificates>

Measuring ranges/Minimum measuring span

RTD

| Input type | Standard | Measuring range in °C (°F) | α_0 in °C ⁻¹ (°F ⁻¹) | Minimum measuring span in °C (°F) |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Pt10 ... 10000 | IEC 60751 | -200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562) | 0.003851 (0.002139) | 10 (50) |
| | JIS C 1604-8 | -200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1 200) | 0.003916 (0.002176) | 10 (50) |
| | GOST 6651_2009 | -200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562) | 0.003910 (0.002172) | 10 (50) |
| | Callendar-Van Dusen | -200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562) | - | 10 (50) |
| Ni10 ... 10000 | DIN 43760-1987 | -60 ... +250 (-76 ... +482) | 0.006180 (0.003433) | 10 (50) |
| | GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 | -60 ... +180 (-76 ... +356) | 0.006170 (0.003428) | 10 (50) |
| Cu5 ... 1000 | Edison Copper Winding No. 15 | -200 ... +260 (-328 ... +500) | 0.004270 (0.002372) | 100 (212) |
| | GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 | -180 ... +200 (-292 ... +392) | 0.004280 (0.002378) | 100 (212) |
| | GOST 6651-94 | -50 ... +200 (-58 ... +392) | 0.004260 (0.002367) | 100 (212) |

TC

| Input type | Standard | Measuring range in °C (°F) | Minimum measuring span in °C (°F) |
|------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| B | IEC 60584-1 | 0 (85) ... 1 820 (32 (185) ... 3 308) | 100 (212) |
| E | IEC 60584-1 | -200 ... +1 000 (-392 ... +1 832) | 50 (122) |
| J | IEC 60584-1 | -100 ... +1 200 (-212 ... +2 192) | 50 (122) |
| K | IEC 60584-1 | -180 ... +1 372 (-356 ... +2 502) | 50 (122) |
| L | DIN 43710 | -200 ... +900 (-392 ... +1 652) | 50 (122) |
| Lr | GOST 3044-84 | -200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1 472) | 50 (122) |
| N | IEC 60584-1 | -180 ... +1 300 (-356 ... +2 372) | 50 (122) |
| R | IEC 60584-1 | -50 ... +1 760 (-122 ... +3 200) | 100 (212) |
| S | IEC 60584-1 | -50 ... +1 760 (-122 ... +3 200) | 100 (212) |
| T | IEC 60584-1 | -200 ... +400 (-392 ... +752) | 50 (122) |
| U | DIN 43710 | -200 ... +600 (-392 ... +1 112) | 50 (122) |
| W3 | ASTM E988-96 | 0 ... 2 300 (32 ... 4 172) | 100 (212) |
| W5 | ASTM E988-96 | 0 ... 2 300 (32 ... 4 172) | 100 (212) |
| LR | GOST 3044-84 | -200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1472) | 50 (122) |

Input accuracy

Basic values

| Input type | Basic accuracy | Temperature coefficient ¹⁾ |
|------------|--|---|
| RTD | | |
| Pt10 | ≤ ±0.8 °C (1.44 °F) | ≤ ±0.020 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt20 | ≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F) | ≤ ±0.010 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt50 | ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F) | ≤ ±0.004 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt100 | ≤ ±0.04 °C (0.072 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt200 | ≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt500 | $T_{\max} < 180 \text{ °C (356 °F)} = \leq \pm 0.08 \text{ °C (0.144 °F)}$ $T_{\max} > 180 \text{ °C (356 °F)} = \leq \pm 0.16 \text{ °C (0.288 °F)}$ | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt1000 | ≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt2000 | $T_{\max} < 300 \text{ °C (572 °F)} = \leq \pm 0.08 \text{ °C (0.144 °F)}$ $T_{\max} > 300 \text{ °C (572 °F)} = \leq \pm 0.4 \text{ °C (0.72 °F)}$ | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt10000 | ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt x | Largest tolerance of neighboring points | Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points |
| Ni10 | ≤ ±1.6 °C (2.88 °F) | ≤ ±0.020 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni20 | ≤ ±0.8 °C (1.44 °F) | ≤ ±0.010 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni50 | ≤ ±0.32 °C (0.576 °F) | ≤ ±0.004 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni100 | ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni120 | ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni200 | ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni500 | ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni1000 | ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni2000 | ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F) | ≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F) |

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR320 (HART, universal)

| Input type | Basic accuracy | Temperature coefficient ¹⁾ |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Ni10000 | $\leq \pm 0.32 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.576 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Ni x | Largest tolerance of neighboring points | Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points |
| Cu5 | $\leq \pm 1.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (2.88 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.040 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu10 | $\leq \pm 0.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.44 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.020 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu20 | $\leq \pm 0.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.010 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu50 | $\leq \pm 0.16 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.004 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu100 | $\leq \pm 0.08 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu200 | $\leq \pm 0.08 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu500 | $\leq \pm 0.16 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu1000 | $\leq \pm 0.08 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu x | Largest tolerance of neighboring points | Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points |
| Linear resistance | | |
| 0 ... 400 Ω | $\leq \pm 40 \text{ m}\Omega$ | $\leq \pm 2 \text{ m}\Omega/^\circ\text{C}$ (1.11 m Ω /°F) |
| 0 ... 100 k Ω | $\leq \pm 4 \text{ }\Omega$ | $\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ }\Omega/^\circ\text{C}$ (0.11 Ω /°F) |
| Potentiometers | | |
| 0 ... 100% | < 0.05% | < $\pm 0.005\%$ |
| Voltage input | | |
| mV: -20 ... 100 mV | $\leq \pm 5 \text{ }\mu\text{V}$ | $\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ }\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ (0.11 μV /°F) |
| mV: -100 ... 1700 mV | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ mV}$ | $\leq \pm 36 \text{ }\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ (20 μV /°F) |
| mV: $\pm 800 \text{ mV}$ | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ mV}$ | $\leq \pm 32 \text{ }\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ (17.8 μV /°F) |
| TC | | |
| E | $\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.36 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| J | $\leq \pm 0.25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| K | $\leq \pm 0.25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| L | $\leq \pm 0.35 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.63 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| N | $\leq \pm 0.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| T | $\leq \pm 0.25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| U | < 0 °C (32 °F) $\leq \pm 0.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.44 °F) $\geq 0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (32 °F) $\leq \pm 0.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Lr | $\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.36 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| R | < 200 °C (392 °F) $\leq \pm 0.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9 °F) $\geq 200 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (392 °F) $\leq \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| S | < 200 °C (392 °F) $\leq \pm 0.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9 °F) $\geq 200 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (392 °F) $\leq \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| W3 | $\leq \pm 0.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.08 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| W5 | $\leq \pm 0.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| B ²⁾ | $\leq \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| B ³⁾ | $\leq \pm 3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (5.4 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| B ⁴⁾ | $\leq \pm 8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (14.4 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| B ⁵⁾ | Not specified | Not specified |
| CJC (internal) | < $\pm 0.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9 °F) | Included in basic accuracy |
| CJC (external) | $\leq \pm 0.08 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |

¹⁾ Temperature coefficients correspond to the specified values or 0.002% of the input span, depending on which value is greater.

²⁾ Accuracy of the specification range > 400 °C (752 °F)

³⁾ Accuracy of the specification range > 160 °C (320 °F) < 400 °C (752 °F)

⁴⁾ Accuracy of the specification range > 85 °C (185 °F) < 160 °C (320 °F)

⁵⁾ Accuracy of the specification range < 85 °C (185 °F)

Output accuracy

| Output type | Basic accuracy | Temperature coefficient |
|---------------|--|--|
| Analog output | $\leq \pm 1.6 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$ (0.01% of the full output span) | $\leq \pm 0.48 \text{ }\mu\text{A}/\text{K}$ ($\leq \pm 0.003\%$ of the full output span/K) |

Selection and ordering data

| | Article No. | Options | Order code |
|--|--|--|------------|
| SITRANS TR320 rail transmitter with 1 input | 7NG032 | Add "-Z" to article number, specify order code and, if applicable, free text. | |
| Click on the Article No. for the online configuration in the PIA Life Cycle Portal. | | Manufacturer's declarations | |
| | | Inspection certificate EN 10204-3.1: Manufacturer test certificate for transmitters (5 measured values) | C11 |
| Communication | | Certificates for functional safety | |
| With HART | 0 | Functional safety SIL2/3 (IEC 61508) | C20 |
| 2-wire, 4 ... 20 mA | 7 | Device options | |
| Primary value output | | PDF file with device settings | D10 |
| Input 1 | 0 | Without labeling of the measuring range on the TAG plate | D41 |
| Input 1, type | | Jumper plug set on device for write protection | D81 |
| RTD | | Jumper plug set on device for fault current > 21 mA (instead of < 3.6 mA) (only non-SIL) | D82 |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire Pt100 (IEC), 4-wire Pt1000 (IEC), 3-wire Pt1000 (IEC), 4-wire | B C D E | Noise damping | |
| TC | F G H J K L N P Q R | Noise damping 60 Hz instead of 50 Hz | P10 |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type B Type E Type J Type K Type L Type N Type R Type S Type T | | Input 1: TC | |
| Potentiometer, 4-wire | Y | Type C W5 | V01 |
| Input 1, type customer-specific | | Type D W3 | V02 |
| Define customer-specific input configurations with V options | | Type U | V03 |
| Input 2, type | A | Type Lr | V04 |
| Without input 2 | | Input 1: RTD | |
| CJC configuration for TC | | RTD Pt x IEC 60751 2-wire (wire resistance value defined in option Y51, RTD factor x defined in option Y21) | V60 |
| Without CJC | 0 | Pt x (IEC), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V61 |
| Internal CJC | 1 | Pt x (IEC), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V62 |
| External CJC Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire | 3 | Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V64 |
| External CJC Ni100 (DIN), 3-wire | 6 | Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V65 |
| Materials not in contact with media | | Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V67 |
| None | 0 | Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V68 |
| Type of protection | | Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V70 |
| General purpose (non-Ex); CE, RCM, FM, KCC, EAC | A | Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V71 |
| Intrinsic safety (Ex i) / Non-incendive field wiring (NIFW) / Increased safety zone 2 (Ex ec) / Non-incendive (NI) (ATEX, IECEx, EACEx, CSA, FM, NEPSI, Inmetro) | N | Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V74 |
| Electrical connection/cable entry | | Cu x (ECW-15), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V76 |
| None | A | Cu x (ECW-15), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V77 |
| Local HMI | | Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V79 |
| Without display | 0 | Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V80 |
| | | Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V82 |
| | | Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V83 |
| | | Device settings | |
| | | Measuring range setting temperature input: Lower range value (max. 5 characters), upper range value (max. 5 characters), unit (°C, °F, °Ra, K) | Y01 |
| | | Long tag (device parameter, max. 32 characters), adhesive label | Y15 |
| | | Measuring point description (device parameter, max. 32 characters), adhesive label | Y16 |
| | | Descriptor (device parameter, max. 16 characters), adhesive label | Y18 |
| | | Input 1: RTD factor; e.g. factor "200" = Pt200, adhesive label | Y21 |
| | | Value wire resistance input 1 in Ohm (0...100 Ohm) | Y51 |

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR320 (HART, universal)

Accessories

| | Article No. |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Additional accessories for assembly, connection and transmitter configuration, see page 2/251. | |
| Modems | |
| Modem with USB interface | 7MF4997-1DB |
| Modem with USB interface and SIPROM T software | 7NG3092-8KN |
| SIMATIC PDM parameterization software | See Catalog FI 01 section 8 |

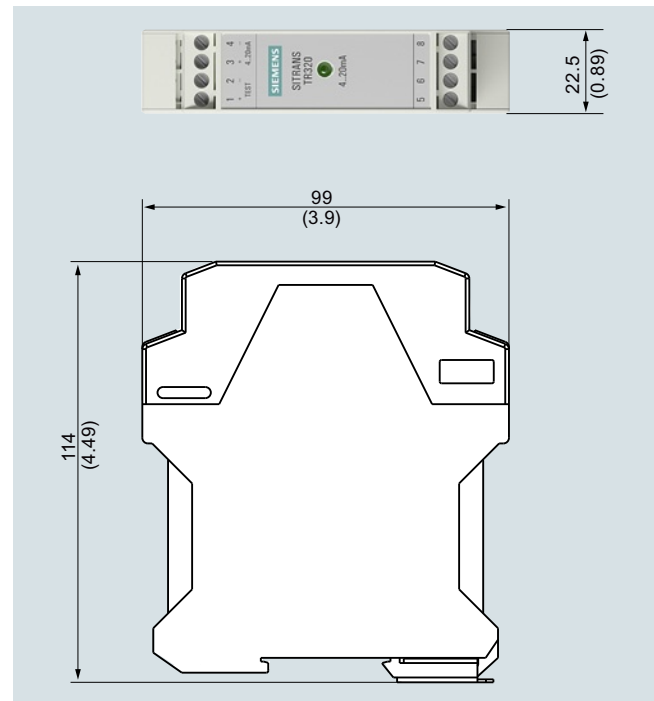
Ordering example

7NG0320-0BA00-0AA0-Z Y01
Y01: -10 ... +100 °C

Factory setting

- Pt100 (IEC 751); 3-wire connection
- Measuring range: 0 ... 100 °C (32 ... 212 °F)
- Fault current
 - Device error: < 3.6 mA
 - Input circuit wire break: 22.8 mA
 - Input circuit short circuit: 22.4 mA
 - Input monitoring wire break and short-circuit
- No trimming of input and output (offset)
- Damping 0.0 s

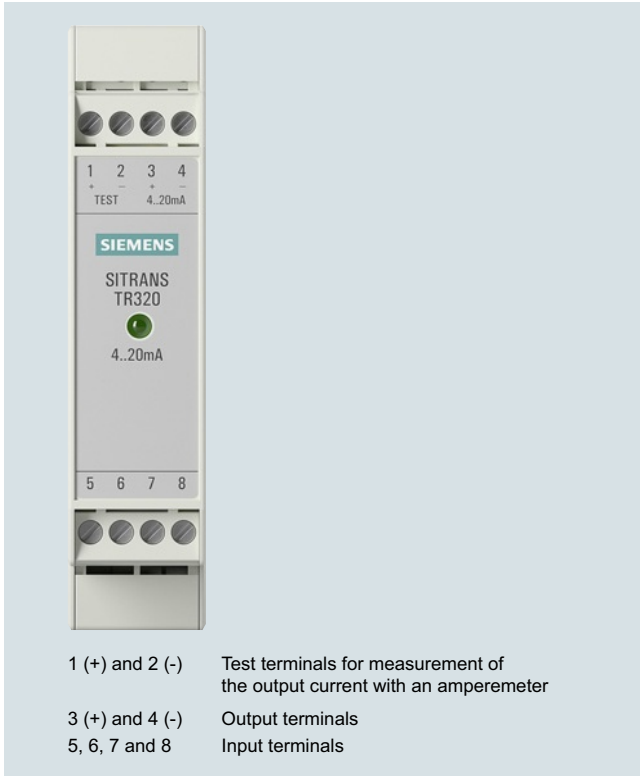
Dimensional drawings



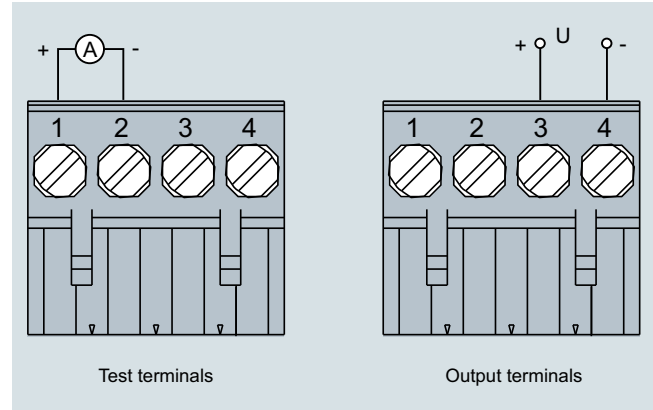
SITRANS TR320, dimensions in mm (inch)

Circuit diagrams

Connections



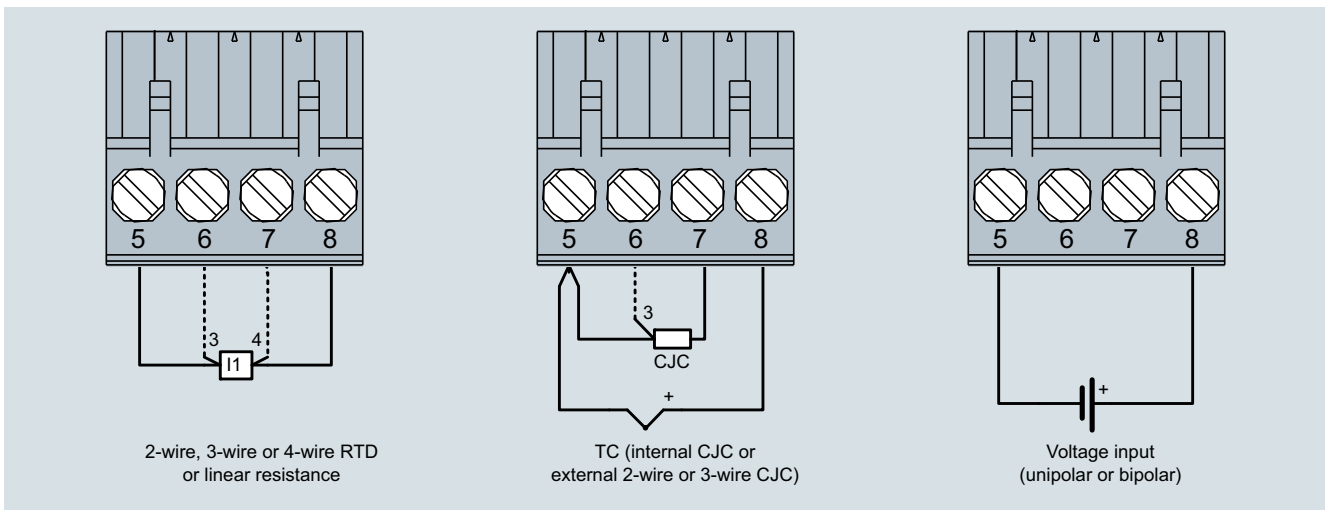
Output and test connection



SITRANS TR320, output connection assignment

SITRANS TR320, connector assignment

Input connection



SITRANS TR320, input connection assignment

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters
Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR420 (HART, universal)

Overview



- 2-wire rail transmitter with HART communications interface
- Device for rail mounting
- Universal input for virtually any type of temperature sensor
- Connection of two independent input circuits for redundant operation (high input availability)
- Input drift detection
- Configurable via HART 7

Benefits

- Compact design
- Connection of two independent input circuits for redundant operation (high input availability)
- Galvanic isolation
- Test terminals for ammeter
- Diagnostics LED (green/red)
- Input monitoring
Wire break and short-circuit
- Self-monitoring
- Configuration status stored in EEPROM
- Expanded diagnostic functions, such as slave pointer, operating hours counter, etc.
- Special characteristic
- Electromagnetic compatibility according to DIN EN 61326 and NE21
- SIL2/3 (with order note C20)

Application

SITRANS TR420 transmitters with two inputs can be used in all sectors. Their compact design enables simple mounting on standard DIN rails on-site in protective boxes or in control cabinets. The following sensors/signal sources can be connected over their universal input module:

- 2 resistance thermometers (2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire connection)
- 2 thermocouples
- 2 linear resistors, potentiometer and DC voltage sources

The output signal is a load-independent direct current from 4 to 20 mA in accordance with the input characteristic, superimposed by the digital HART signal.

The dual input mode also supports drift detection of the inputs, whereby maintenance intervals can be more easily planned.

Transmitters of the "intrinsically safe or Zone 2 increased safety" type of protection can be installed in hazardous areas. The device meets the requirements of the EU Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX), the FM and CSA regulations as well as other national approvals.

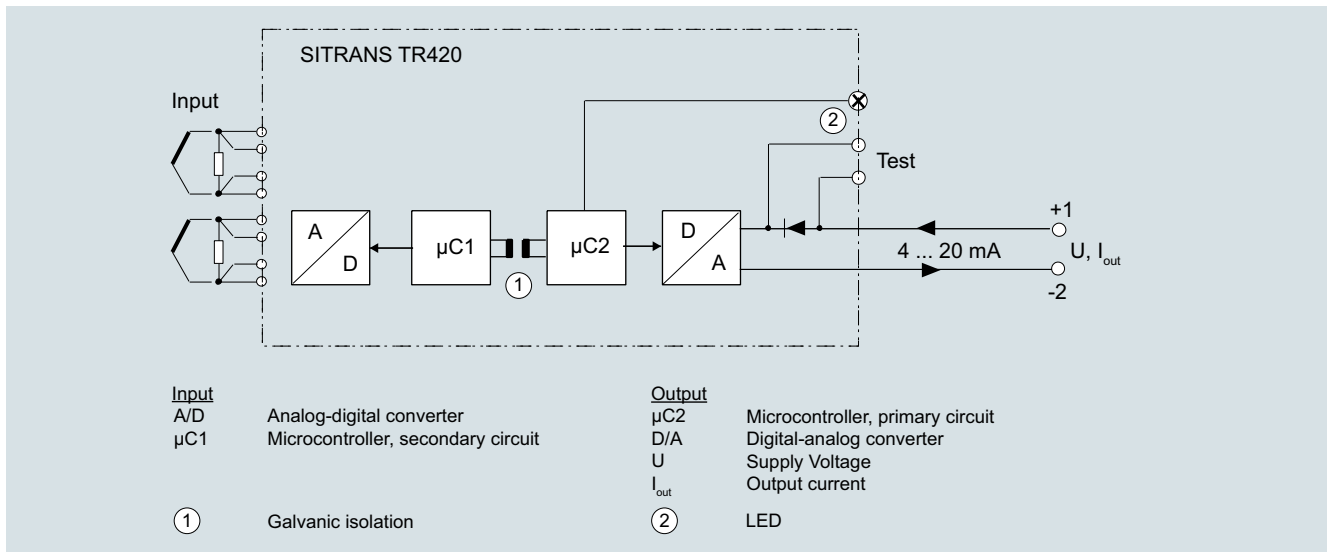
Function

The SITRANS TR420 is configured via HART. The configuration can be carried out using a handheld communicator or, more conveniently, with a HART modem and the SIMATIC PDM configuration software. The configuration data are then permanently stored in the non-volatile memory (EEPROM).

After correct connection of input and supply voltage, the transmitter outputs a temperature-linear output signal and the diagnostics LED is green. In case of external errors, e.g. sensor short circuit or interruption, the LED flashes red; an internal error is indicated by a permanent red light.

An ammeter can be connected at any time for checking and plausibility via the test terminals. The output current can be read without any interruption, or even without opening the current loop.

2



SITRANS TR420, function block diagram

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR420 (HART, universal)

Technical specifications

General

| | |
|---|---|
| Supply voltage ^{1) 2)} | |
| • Without explosion protection (non-Ex) | 7.5 ... 48 V DC |
| • with explosion protection (Ex i) | 7.5 ... 30 V DC |
| Additional minimum supply voltage when using test terminals | 0.8 V |
| Maximum power loss | ≤ 850 mW |
| Minimum load resistance at supply voltage > 37 V | $(V_{\text{supply}} - 37 \text{ V})/23 \text{ mA}$ |
| Insulation voltage, test/operation | |
| • Without explosion protection (non-Ex) | 2.5 kV AC/55 V AC |
| • with explosion protection (Ex i) | 2.5 kV AC/42 V AC |
| Polarity protection | All inputs and outputs |
| Write protection | Open circuits or software |
| Warming-up time | < 5 min |
| Starting time | < 2.75 s |
| Programming | SIPROM T and HART |
| Signal-to-noise ratio | > 60 dB |
| Long-term stability | Better than: • ± 0.05% of measuring span/year • ± 0.18% of measuring span/5 years |
| Response time | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) |
| Programmable damping | 0 ... 60 s |
| Signal dynamic | |
| • Input | 24 bit |
| • Output | 18 bit |
| Influence of change in supply voltage | < 0.005% of measuring span/V DC |

Input

Resistance thermometer (RTD)

| | |
|--|---|
| Input type | |
| • Pt10 ... 10000 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 60751 • JIS C 1604-8 • GOST 6651_2009 • Callendar-Van Dusen |
| • Ni10 ... 10000 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DIN 43760-1987 • GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 |
| • Cu5 ... 1000 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Edison Copper Winding No. 15 • GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 |
| Type of connection | 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire |
| Line resistance per wire | Max. 50 Ω |
| Input current | < 0.15 mA |
| Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections) | < 0.002 Ω/Ω |
| Cable, wire-wire capacity | |
| • Pt1000, Pt10000 (IEC 60751 and JIS C 1604-8) | Max. 30 nF |
| • All other input types | Max. 50 nF |
| Fault detection, programmable | None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective |
| | Note When the low limit for the configured input type is below the constant detection limit for short-circuited inputs, the detection of short circuits is disabled regardless of the configuration of the fault detection. |
| Detection limit for short-circuited input | 15 Ω |
| Fault detection time (RTD) | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) |
| Fault detection time (for 3-wire and 4-wire) | ≤ 2 000 ms |

Thermocouples (TC)

| | |
|--|---|
| Input type | |
| • B | IEC 60584-1 |
| • E | IEC 60584-1 |
| • J | IEC 60584-1 |
| • K | IEC 60584-1 |
| • L | DIN 43710 |
| • Lr | GOST 3044-84 |
| • N | IEC 60584-1 |
| • R | IEC 60584-1 |
| • S | IEC 60584-1 |
| • T | IEC 60584-1 |
| • U | DIN 43710 |
| • W3 | ASTM E988-96 |
| • W5 | ASTM E988-96 |
| • LR | GOST 3044-84 |
| Cold junction compensation (CJC) | Constant, internal or external over Pt100 or Ni100 RTD |
| • Temperature range internal CJC | -50 ... +100 °C (-58 ... +212 °F) |
| • Connection external CJC | 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire |
| • External CJC, line resistance per wire (for 3-wire and 4-wire connections) | 50 Ω |
| • Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections) | < 0.002 Ω/Ω |
| • Input current external CJC | < 0.15 mA |
| • Temperature range external CJC | -50 ... +135 °C (-58 ... +275 °F) |
| • Cable, wire-wire capacity | Max. 50 nF |
| • Total line resistance | Max. 10 kΩ |
| • Fault detection, programmable | None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective |
| | Note The short-circuited fault detection only applies to the CJC input. |
| • Fault detection time (TC) | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) |
| • Fault detection time, external CJC (for 3-wire and 4-wire) | ≤ 2 000 ms |

Linear resistance

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Input range | 0 ... 100 kΩ |
| Minimum measuring span | 25 Ω |
| Type of connection | 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire |
| Line resistance per wire | Max. 50 Ω |
| Input current | < 0.15 mA |
| Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections) | < 0.002 Ω/Ω |
| Cable, wire-wire capacity | |
| • R > 400 Ω | Max. 30 nF |
| • R ≤ 400 Ω | Max. 50 nF |
| Fault detection, programmable | None, defective |
| Potentiometers | |
| Input range | 10 ... 100 kΩ |
| Minimum measuring span | 25 Ω |
| Type of connection | 3-wire, 4-wire or 5-wire |
| Line resistance per wire | Max. 50 Ω |
| Input current | < 0.15 mA |
| Effect of the line resistance (with 4-wire and 5-wire connections) | < 0.002 Ω/Ω |
| Cable, wire-wire capacity | |
| • R > 400 Ω | Max. 30 nF |
| • R ≤ 400 Ω | Max. 50 nF |

| | | | |
|---|---|--|------------------------------|
| Fault detection, programmable | None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective | Design | Weight 122 g (0.27 lb) |
| | Note When the configured potentiometer size is below the constant detection limit for short-circuited inputs, the detection of short circuits is disabled regardless of the configuration of the fault detection. | | |
| Detection limit for short-circuited input | 15 Ω | Maximum core cross-section | 2.5 mm ² (AWG 13) |
| Fault detection time, wiper arm (no short-circuit detection) | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) | Tightening torque for clamping screws | 0.5 ... 0.6 Nm |
| Fault detection time, element | ≤ 2 000 ms | Vibrations | IEC 60068-2-6 |
| Fault detection time (for 4-wire and 5-wire) | ≤ 2 000 ms | • 2 ... 25 Hz | ± 1.6 mm (0.07 inch) |
| Voltage input | | • 25 ... 100 Hz | ± 4 g |
| Measuring range | | Certificates and approvals | |
| • Unipolar | -100 ... 1700 mV | <u>Explosion protection ATEX/IECEx and others</u> | |
| • Bipolar | -800 ... +800 mV | Certificates ³⁾ | |
| Minimum measuring span | 2.5 mV | DEKRA 17ATEX0116 X | |
| Input resistance | 10 MΩ | IECEx DEK 17.0054X | |
| Cable, wire-wire capacity | | A5E43700604A-2018X | |
| • Input range: -100 ... 1700 mV | Max. 30 nF | "Intrinsic safety ia/ib" type of protection | |
| • Input range: -20 ... 100 mV | Max. 50 nF | • ATEX | |
| Fault detection, programmable | None, defective | For use in Zone 0, 1, 2, 20, 21, 22 | |
| Fault detection time | ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms) | II 1 G Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga | |
| Output and HART communication | | II 2(1) G Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb | |
| Normal range, programmable | 3.8 ... 20.5 mA/20.5 ... 3.8 mA | II 1 D Ex ia IIC Da | |
| Extended range (output limits), programmable | 3.5 ... 23 mA/23 ... 3.5 mA | I M1 Ex ia I Ma | |
| Programmable input/output limits | | • IECEx and others | |
| • Fault current | Enable/disable | Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga | |
| • Fault current setting | 3.5 ... 23 mA | Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb | |
| Update time | 10 ms | Ex ia IIC Da | |
| Load (with current output) | ≤ (V _{Supply} - 7.5)/0.023 Ω | Ex ia I Ma | |
| Load stability | < 0.01% of meas. span/100 Ω (measuring span = currently selected range) | "Intrinsic safety ic" type of protection | |
| Input fault detection, programmable (detection of input short circuits is ignored with TC and voltage inputs) | 3.5 ... 23 mA | • ATEX | |
| NAMUR NE43 Upscale | > 21 mA | For use in Zones 2 and 22 | |
| NAMUR NE43 Downscale | < 3.6 mA | II 2 G Ex ic IIC T6 ... T4 Gc | |
| HART protocol versions | HART 7 | II 2 D Ex ic IIIC Dc | |
| Measuring accuracy | | Ex ic IIC T6 ... T4 Gc | |
| Input accuracy | See "Input accuracy" table | Ex ic IIIC Dc | |
| Output accuracy | See "Output accuracy" table | "Non-sparking/increased safety nA/ec" type of protection | |
| Rated conditions | | • ATEX | |
| Ambient temperature | -50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F) | For use in Zones 2 and 22 | |
| Ambient temperature for devices with functional safety | -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F) | II 2 G Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc | |
| Storage temperature | -50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F) | II 2 G Ex ec IIC T6 ... T4 Gc | |
| Reference temperature for sensor calibration | 24 °C ±1.0 °C (75.2 °F ±1.8 °F) | Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc | |
| Relative humidity | < 99% (no condensation) | Ex ec IIC T6 ... T4 Gc | |
| Degree of protection | | <u>Explosion protection CSA/FM for Canada and USA</u> | |
| • Transmitter enclosure | IP20 | Certificates | |
| • Terminals | IP20 | CSA 1861385 | |
| | | FM18CA0024 | |
| | | FM18US0046 | |
| | | "Intrinsic safety ia" type of protection | |
| | | IS, CL I, Div 1, GP ABCD, T6 ... T4 | |
| | | Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga | |
| | | AEx ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga or: | |
| | | Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb | |
| | | AEx ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb | |
| | | "Non incensive field wiring NIFW" type of protection | |
| | | NIFW, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6 ... T4 | |
| | | "Non incensive NI" type of protection | |
| | | NI, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6 ... T4 | |
| | | Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc | |
| | | AEx nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc | |

1) Note that the minimum supply voltage must correspond to the value measured at the terminals of the SITRANS TR420.

2) Protect the device from overvoltage with the help of a suitable power supply or suitable overvoltage protection equipment.

3) Additional available certificates are listed on the Internet at <http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/certificates>

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters
Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR420 (HART, universal)

Measuring ranges/Minimum measuring span

RTD

| Input type | Standard | Measuring range in °C (°F) | α_0 in °C ⁻¹ (°F ⁻¹) | Minimum measuring span in °C (°F) |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Pt10 ... 10000 | IEC 60751 | -200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562) | 0.003851 (0.002139) | 10 (50) |
| | JIS C 1604-8 | -200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1 200) | 0.003916 (0.002176) | 10 (50) |
| | GOST 6651_2009 | -200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562) | 0.003910 (0.002172) | 10 (50) |
| | Callendar-Van Dusen | -200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562) | - | 10 (50) |
| Ni10 ... 10000 | DIN 43760-1987 | -60 ... +250 (-76 ... +482) | 0.006180 (0.003433) | 10 (50) |
| | GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 | -60 ... +180 (-76 ... +356) | 0.006170 (0.003428) | 10 (50) |
| Cu5 ... 1000 | Edison Copper Winding No. 15 | -200 ... +260 (-328 ... +500) | 0.004270 (0.002372) | 100 (212) |
| | GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 | -180 ... +200 (-292 ... +392) | 0.004280 (0.002378) | 100 (212) |
| | GOST 6651-94 | -50 ... +200 (-58 ... +392) | 0.004260 (0.002367) | 100 (212) |

TC

| Input type | Standard | Measuring range in °C (°F) | Minimum measuring span in °C (°F) |
|------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| B | IEC 60584-1 | 0 (85) ... 1 820 (32 (185) ... 3 308) | 100 (212) |
| E | IEC 60584-1 | -200 ... +1 000 (-392 ... +1 832) | 50 (122) |
| J | IEC 60584-1 | -100 ... +1 200 (-212 ... +2 192) | 50 (122) |
| K | IEC 60584-1 | -180 ... +1 372 (-356 ... +2 502) | 50 (122) |
| L | DIN 43710 | -200 ... +900 (-392 ... +1 652) | 50 (122) |
| Lr | GOST 3044-84 | -200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1 472) | 50 (122) |
| N | IEC 60584-1 | -180 ... +1 300 (-356 ... +2 372) | 50 (122) |
| R | IEC 60584-1 | -50 ... +1 760 (-122 ... +3 200) | 100 (212) |
| S | IEC 60584-1 | -50 ... +1 760 (-122 ... +3 200) | 100 (212) |
| T | IEC 60584-1 | -200 ... +400 (-392 ... +752) | 50 (122) |
| U | DIN 43710 | -200 ... +600 (-392 ... +1 112) | 50 (122) |
| W3 | ASTM E988-96 | 0 ... 2 300 (32 ... 4 172) | 100 (212) |
| W5 | ASTM E988-96 | 0 ... 2 300 (32 ... 4 172) | 100 (212) |
| LR | GOST 3044-84 | -200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1472) | 50 (122) |

Input accuracy

Basic values

| Input type | Basic accuracy | Temperature coefficient ¹⁾ |
|------------|--|---|
| RTD | | |
| Pt10 | $\leq \pm 0.8$ °C (1.44 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.020$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt20 | $\leq \pm 0.4$ °C (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.010$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt50 | $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.004$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt100 | $\leq \pm 0.04$ °C (0.072 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt200 | $\leq \pm 0.08$ °C (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt500 | $T_{\max} < 180$ °C (356 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.08$ °C (0.144 °F) $T_{\max} > 180$ °C (356 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt1000 | $\leq \pm 0.08$ °C (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt2000 | $T_{\max} < 300$ °C (572 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.08$ °C (0.144 °F) $T_{\max} > 300$ °C (572 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.4$ °C (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt10000 | $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Pt x | Largest tolerance of neighboring points | Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points |
| Ni10 | $\leq \pm 1.6$ °C (2.88 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.020$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni20 | $\leq \pm 0.8$ °C (1.44 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.010$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni50 | $\leq \pm 0.32$ °C (0.576 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.004$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni100 | $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni120 | $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni200 | $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni500 | $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni1000 | $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |
| Ni2000 | $\leq \pm 0.16$ °C (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002$ °C/°C (°F/°F) |

| Input type | Basic accuracy | Temperature coefficient ¹⁾ |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Ni10000 | $\leq \pm 0.32 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.576 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Ni x | Largest tolerance of neighboring points | Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points |
| Cu5 | $\leq \pm 1.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (2.88 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.040 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu10 | $\leq \pm 0.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.44 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.020 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu20 | $\leq \pm 0.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.010 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu50 | $\leq \pm 0.16 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.004 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu100 | $\leq \pm 0.08 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu200 | $\leq \pm 0.08 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu500 | $\leq \pm 0.16 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu1000 | $\leq \pm 0.08 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Cu x | Largest tolerance of neighboring points | Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points |
| Linear resistance | | |
| 0 ... 400 Ω | $\leq \pm 40 \text{ m}\Omega$ | $\leq \pm 2 \text{ m}\Omega/^\circ\text{C}$ (1.11 m Ω /°F) |
| 0 ... 100 k Ω | $\leq \pm 4 \text{ } \Omega$ | $\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ } \Omega/^\circ\text{C}$ (0.11 Ω /°F) |
| Potentiometers | | |
| 0 ... 100% | < 0.05% | < $\pm 0.005\%$ |
| Voltage input | | |
| mV: -20 ... 100 mV | $\leq \pm 5 \text{ } \mu\text{V}$ | $\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ } \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ (0.11 μV /°F) |
| mV: -100 ... 1700 mV | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ mV}$ | $\leq \pm 36 \text{ } \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ (20 μV /°F) |
| mV: $\pm 800 \text{ mV}$ | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ mV}$ | $\leq \pm 32 \text{ } \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ (17.8 μV /°F) |
| TC | | |
| E | $\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.36 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| J | $\leq \pm 0.25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| K | $\leq \pm 0.25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| L | $\leq \pm 0.35 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.63 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| N | $\leq \pm 0.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| T | $\leq \pm 0.25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| U | < 0 °C (32 °F) $\leq \pm 0.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.44 °F) $\geq 0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (32 °F) $\leq \pm 0.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.025 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| Lr | $\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.36 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| R | < 200 °C (392 °F) $\leq \pm 0.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9 °F) $\geq 200 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (392 °F) $\leq \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| S | < 200 °C (392 °F) $\leq \pm 0.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9 °F) $\geq 200 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (392 °F) $\leq \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| W3 | $\leq \pm 0.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.08 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| W5 | $\leq \pm 0.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| B ²⁾ | $\leq \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| B ³⁾ | $\leq \pm 3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (5.4 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| B ⁴⁾ | $\leq \pm 8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (14.4 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |
| B ⁵⁾ | Not specified | Not specified |
| CJC (internal) | < $\pm 0.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9 °F) | Included in basic accuracy |
| CJC (external) | $\leq \pm 0.08 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) | $\leq \pm 0.002 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (°F/°F) |

1) Temperature coefficients correspond to the specified values or 0.002% of the input span, depending on which value is greater.

2) Accuracy of the specification range > 400 °C (752 °F)

3) Accuracy of the specification range > 160 °C (320 °F) < 400 °C (752 °F)

4) Accuracy of the specification range > 85 °C (185 °F) < 160 °C (320 °F)

5) Accuracy of the specification range < 85 °C (185 °F)

Output accuracy

| Output type | Basic accuracy | Temperature coefficient |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Average value measurement | Average of accuracy of input 1 and input 2 | Average of temperature coefficient of input 1 and input 2 |
| Differential measurement | Sum of accuracy of input 1 and input 2 | Sum of temperature coefficient of input 1 and input 2 |
| Analog output | $\leq \pm 1.6 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$ (0.01% of the full output span) | $\leq \pm 0.48 \text{ } \mu\text{A}/\text{K}$ ($\leq \pm 0.003\%$ of the full output span/K) |

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR420 (HART, universal)

Selection and ordering data

| | Article No. | Order code | | Article No. | Order code |
|---|--|---|--|---|------------|
| SITRANS TR420 rail transmitter with 2 inputs | 7NG042 | | SITRANS TR420 rail transmitter with 2 inputs | 7NG042 | |
| <p>Click on the Article No. for the online configuration in the PIA Life Cycle Portal.</p> <p>Communication</p> <p>With HART</p> <p>Primary value output</p> <p>Input 1</p> <p>Input 1, input 2 as redundancy</p> <p>Input 2, input 1 as redundancy</p> <p>Average input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy</p> <p>Minimum input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy</p> <p>Maximum input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy</p> <p>Difference input 1 - input 2</p> <p>Difference input 2 - input 1</p> <p>Absolute difference</p> <p>Primary value output, customer-specific</p> <p>Minimum input 1 and input 2, without redundancy</p> <p>Maximum input 1 and input 2, without redundancy</p> <p>Average input 1 and input 2, without redundancy</p> <p>Input 2</p> <p>Input 1, type</p> <p>RTD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire Pt100 (IEC), 4-wire Pt1000 (IEC), 3-wire Pt1000 (IEC), 4-wire <p>TC</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type B Type E Type J Type K Type L Type N Type R Type S Type T <p>Potentiometer, 4-wire</p> <p>Input 1, type customer-specific</p> <p>Define customer-specific input configurations in V options</p> | <p>0</p> <p>0</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>9</p> <p>9</p> <p>9</p> <p>B</p> <p>C</p> <p>D</p> <p>E</p> <p>F</p> <p>G</p> <p>H</p> <p>J</p> <p>K</p> <p>L</p> <p>N</p> <p>P</p> <p>Q</p> <p>R</p> <p>Y</p> | <p>H 1 A</p> <p>H 1 B</p> <p>H 1 C</p> <p>H 1 D</p> | <p>Input 2, type</p> <p>Without input 2</p> <p>RTD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire Pt100 (IEC), 4-wire Pt1000 (IEC), 3-wire Pt1000 (IEC), 4-wire <p>TC</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type B Type E Type J Type K Type L Type N Type R Type S Type T <p>Potentiometer, 4-wire</p> <p>Input 2, type customer-specific</p> <p>Define customer-specific input configurations in W options</p> <p>CJC configuration for TC</p> <p>Input 1: no CJC; input 2: No CJC</p> <p>Input 1: internal CJC; input 2: internal CJC</p> <p>Input 1: external CJC; input 2: external CJC; define type in option Jxx</p> <p>Input 1: external CJC; define type in option Jxx; input 2: internal CJC</p> <p>Input 1: internal CJC; input 2: external CJC; define type in option Jxx</p> <p>Input 1: Internal CJC; Input 2: No CJC</p> <p>Input 1: External CJC (define type in option Jxx); input 2: No CJC</p> <p>Materials not in contact with media</p> <p>None</p> <p>Type of protection</p> <p>General purpose (non-Ex); CE, RCM, FM, KCC, EAC</p> <p>Intrinsic safety (Ex i) / Non-incendive field wiring (NIFW) / Increased safety zone 2 (Ex ec) / Non-incendive (NI) (ATEX, IECEx, EACEx, CSA, FM, NEPSI, Inmetro)</p> <p>Electrical connection/ cable entry</p> <p>None</p> <p>Local HMI</p> <p>Without display</p> | <p>A</p> <p>B</p> <p>C</p> <p>D</p> <p>E</p> <p>F</p> <p>G</p> <p>H</p> <p>J</p> <p>K</p> <p>L</p> <p>N</p> <p>P</p> <p>Q</p> <p>R</p> <p>Y</p> <p>0</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>0</p> <p>A</p> <p>N</p> <p>A</p> <p>0</p> | |

| Options | Order code |
|---|------------|
| Add "-Z" to article number, specify order code and, if applicable, free text. | |
| Manufacturer's declarations | |
| Inspection certificate EN 10204-3.1: Manufacturer test certificate for transmitters (5 measured values) | C11 |
| Certificates for functional safety | |
| Functional safety SIL2/3 (IEC 61508) | C20 |
| Device options | |
| PDF file with device settings | D10 |
| Without labeling of the measuring range on the TAG plate | D41 |
| Jumper plug set on device for write protection | D81 |
| Jumper plug set on device for fault current > 21 mA (instead of < 3.6 mA) (only non-SIL) | D82 |
| External CJC types | |
| Pt100, IEC 60751, 3-wire | J02 |
| Pt100, IEC 60751, 4-wire | J03 |
| Ni100, DIN 43760-87, 3-wire | J05 |
| Ni100, DIN 43760-87, 4-wire | J06 |
| Noise damping | |
| Noise damping 60 Hz instead of 50 Hz | P10 |
| Input 1: TC | |
| Type C W5 | V01 |
| Type D W3 | V02 |
| Type U | V03 |
| Type Lr | V04 |
| Input 1: RTD | |
| RTD Pt x IEC 60751 2-wire (wire resistance value defined in option Y51, RTD factor x defined in option Y21) | V60 |
| Pt x (IEC), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V61 |
| Pt x (IEC), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V62 |
| Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V64 |
| Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V65 |
| Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V67 |
| Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V68 |
| Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V70 |
| Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V71 |
| Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V73 |
| Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V74 |
| Cu x (ECW-15), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V76 |
| Cu x (ECW-15), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V77 |
| Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V79 |
| Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V80 |
| Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V82 |
| Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21 | V83 |
| Input 2: TC | |
| Type C W5 | W01 |
| Type D W3 | W02 |
| Type U | W03 |
| Type Lr | W04 |

| Options | Order code |
|--|------------|
| Add "-Z" to article number, specify order code and, if applicable, free text. | |
| Input 2: RTD | |
| RTD Pt x IEC 60751 2-wire (wire resistance value defined in option Y52, RTD factor x defined in option Y22) | W60 |
| Device settings | |
| Measuring range setting temperature input: Lower range value (max. 5 characters), upper range value (max. 5 characters), unit (°C, °F, °Ra, K) | Y01 |
| Long tag (device parameter, max. 32 characters), adhesive label | Y15 |
| Measuring point description (device parameter, max. 32 characters), adhesive label | Y16 |
| Descriptor (device parameter, max. 16 characters), adhesive label | Y18 |
| Input 1: RTD factor; e.g. factor "200" = Pt200, adhesive label | Y21 |
| Input 2: RTD factor (e.g. factor = 200 => RTD Pt200), adhesive label | Y22 |
| Value wire resistance input 1 in Ohm (0...100 Ohm) | Y51 |
| Value wire resistance input 2 in Ohm (0...100 Ohm) | Y52 |

Accessories

| | Article No. |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Additional accessories for assembly, connection and transmitter configuration, see page 2/251. | |
| Modem | |
| Modem with USB interface | 7MF4997-1DB |
| SIMATIC PDM parameterization software | See Catalog FI 01 section 8 |

Ordering example

7NG0420-0BA00-0AA0-Z Y01
Y01: -10 ... +100 °C

Factory setting

- Input 1: Pt100 (IEC 751); 3-wire connection
- Input 2: not configured (inactive)
- Measuring range: 0 ... 100 °C (32 ... 212 °F)
- Fault current
 - Device error: < 3.6 mA
 - Input circuit wire break: 22.8 mA
 - Input circuit short circuit: 22.4 mA
 - Input circuit drift: 22 mA (active when input 2 is active)
 - Input monitoring wire break and short-circuit
- No trimming of input and output (offset)
- Damping 0.0 s

Temperature measurement

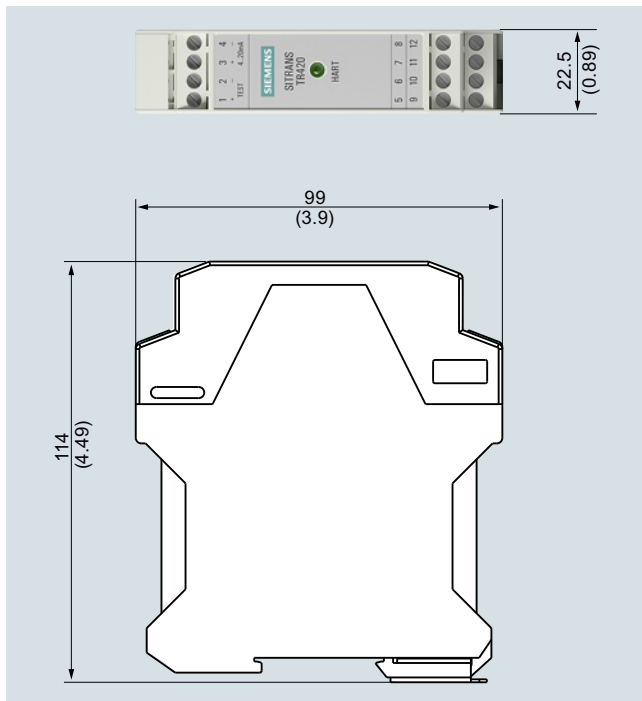
Temperature transmitters

Rail transmitters

SITRANS TR420 (HART, universal)

Dimensional drawings

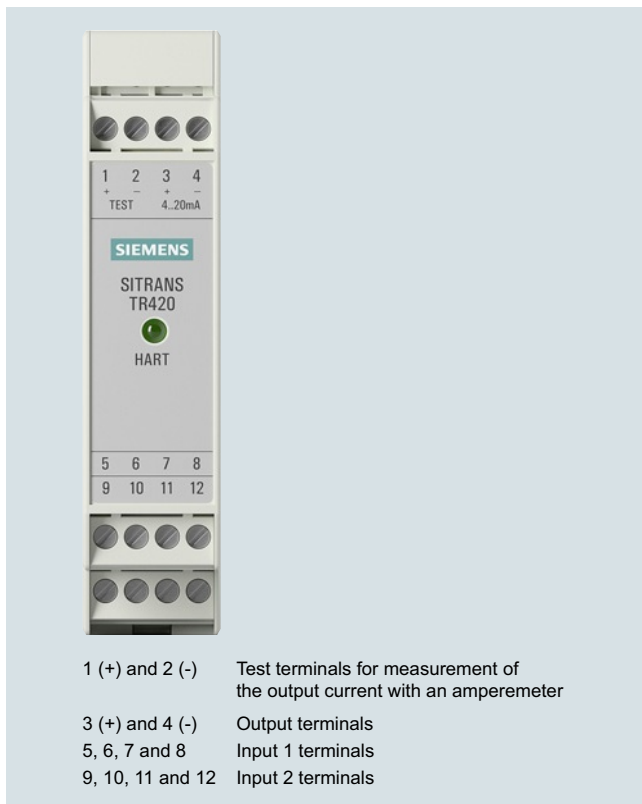
2



SITRANS TR420, dimensions in mm (inch)

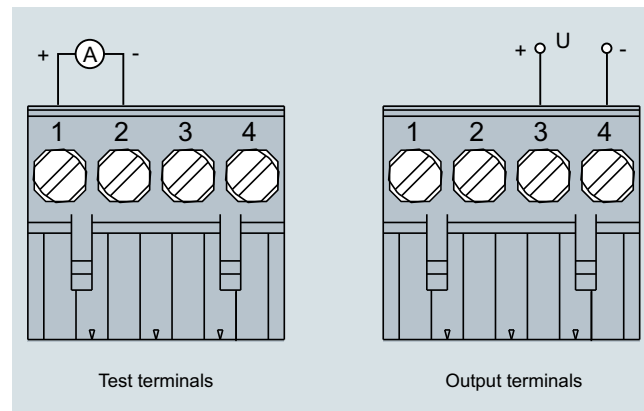
Circuit diagrams

Connections



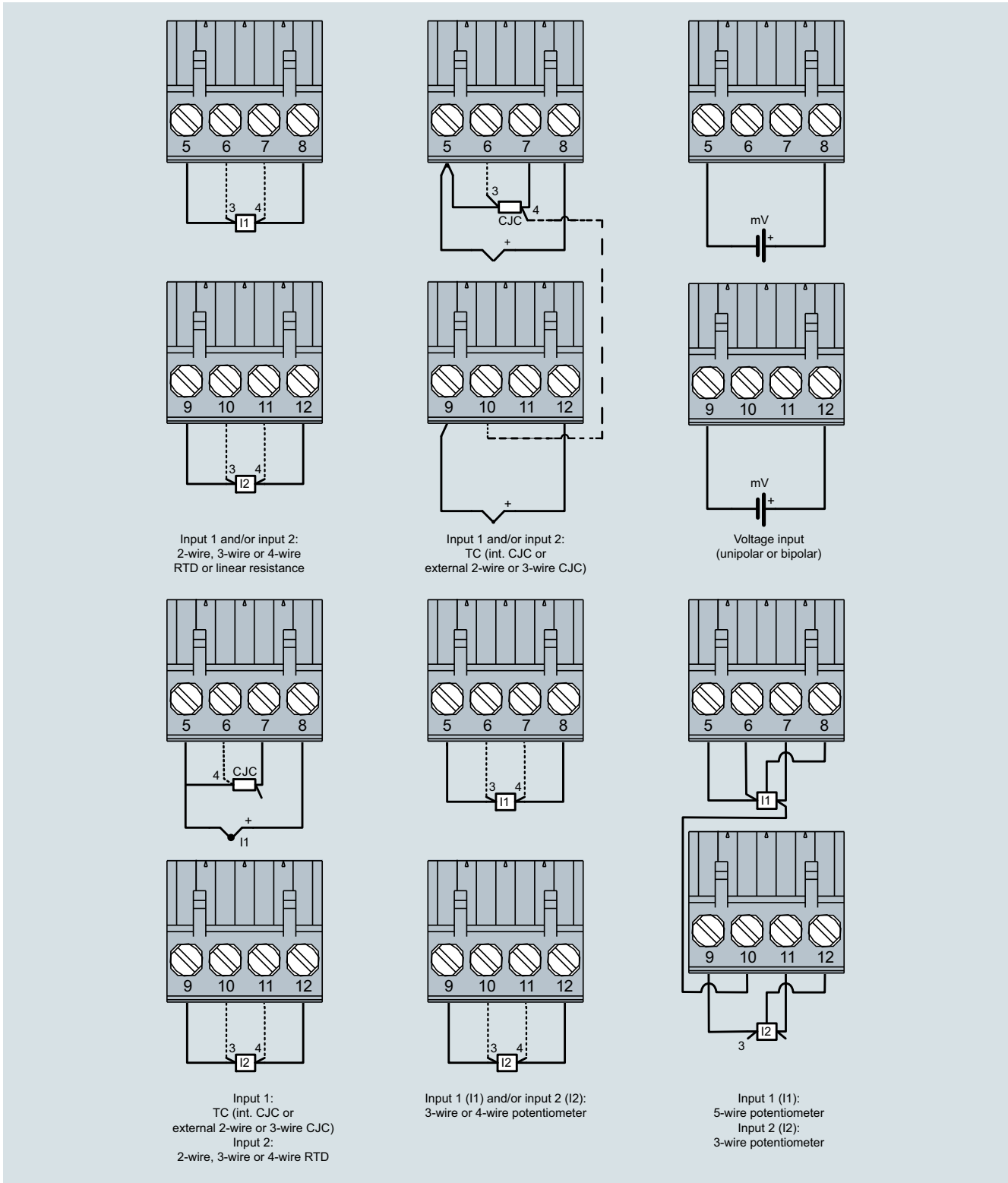
SITRANS TR420, connector assignment

Output and test connection



SITRANS TR420, output connection assignment

Input connection



SITRANS TR420, input connection assignment